

BAC II TECHNIQUE 2013
COMMISSION D'ANGLAIS
SERIES E, F, TI/1
ANSWER KEY (CORRIGE-TYPE)

Section One: COMPREHENSION

Text: Road accidents

A- Questions

- 1- If a speeding driver has control over the vehicle, he cannot control the road, weather conditions, or the environment. For examples, dogs, goats or children. (1mark)
- 2- The actions of the driver that can reduce his concentration are: talking, eating, gesticulating, waving to and staring at passing friends, lighting cigarettes, smoking, changing radio stations or cassettes. (1mark)
- 3- Over-confidence by drivers can cause road accidents in various ways. Some drivers think they have good mastery of their vehicles, for having driven on the same roads for so many years. Others take alcohol and drugs, and find their vehicles as small as toys. Others believe in the charm they hang over the inside rear-view mirror. The least inattention is generally fatal to them and their passengers. (1mark)
- 4- In my opinion (To my mind/As far as I am concerned), the slogan, "Take a bottle and be the master of the road", is not good (true). Drivers should know that the consumption of alcohol is a major cause of accidents throughout the world. (1mark)

N.B: Questions No3 and No4 are opinion ones. Therefore, whatever the candidate proposes should be appreciated positively.

B- Words or phrases in the text. (2marks)

- 5- merely 6- (to) veer off 7- to gesticulate 8- accidents/disasters

C- Adjectives from words. (1mark)

- 9- confidential/confident 11- concentrated/concentrative
10- circular 12- impressive/impressionable/impressed

Section Two: LINGUISTIC COMPETENCE (8marks)

A- The correct adjectival form. (2marks)

- 13- tallest 14- more powerful. 15- old as 16- least

B- The correct verbal form. (2marks)

- 17- we left. 18- I lived 19- would visit 20- I would buy

C- Active or Passive voice. (2marks)

- 21- The hot iron bar is struck at by the blacksmith.
22- The lazy apprentice is going to be forgiven by the boss.

23- The trainer will punish the late comers.

24- A new dress was bought.

D- The correct preposition. (2marks)

25- at

26- with

27- off/on

28- up

Section Three: SPEECH WRITING (3marks)

- Title
- Introduction: greeting and expression of gratitude.
- Purpose of the speech (the program of the candidate): Building roads and other development infrastructures; provide the youth with good education; farmers with inputs; civil servants with good working conditions etc.
- Conclusion: final expression of gratitude.

Sample

SPEECH OF Peter ANDERSON, PRESIDENT OF PEOPLE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY (PNDP) AND CANDIDATE AT THE COMING PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION, TO THE PEOPLE OF GONDUANA ON July 9, 2013 AT NADOBA STADIUM.

Fellow Citizens of Gonduana, Ladies and Gentlemen.

Thank you for having come to listen to me.

I am here, today, to explain to you what I shall do, if you elect me as president of the republic. I will carry out a number of development projects that will change the life of every citizen in this country. I shall build roads for the carriage of goods and people. Education will be free up to senior high secondary schools. Workers will be well paid and they will not continuously go on strike, which often slackens the economic development of our beautiful country. So far as farmers are concerned, they will have easy access to agricultural inputs in order to boost the production. How can I forget our university students? They will be provided with adequate working conditions. All this cannot be possible unless you vote for me on the D-day. Trust me and you will not regret it.

Once again, thank you so much. May the Almighty God bless you and our beautiful country.

Section Four: TRANSLATION (2marks)

L'Internet.

Beaucoup de personnes reconnaissent (admettent/savent) que l'Internet est le meilleur moyen de communication que l'humanité ait jamais connu (eu). Autrefois (Dans le passé/jadis/Avant), l'information mettait plusieurs jours pour atteindre (il fallait plusieurs jours à l'information avant d'atteindre) les coins les plus reculés en Afrique. Mais, aujourd'hui, c'est tout à fait différent (ce n'est pas la même chose/c'est une autre réalité). Nous recevons les informations aussitôt que (dès que) les événements se produisent.